









# Sturgeons and wildlife crime



Evidence for trafficking of critically endangered sturgeon in the Lower Danube Region

Jutta Jahrl, WWF Austria



Sturgeons are more critically endangered than any other group of species

- Distruction of important habitats
- Blocking of migration routes
- Overfishing and illegal trade















# Trade in sturgeons

- All sturgeon species listed in CITES (mainly in App II, few species in App I) international trade ist strictly regulated (zero trade quota for wild sturgeons from shared stocks)
- Special regulations for caviar universal labelling system to allow identification of source:
  - for wild-sourced & farmed caviar, in international & domestic trade
  - label must seal container (or other visual evidence of any opening)
  - label must be non-reusable (not removed undamaged or put on other tin)
  - label must provide a minimum amount of information (CITES code)







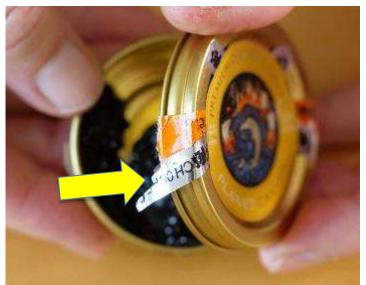




# Trade in sturgeons - caviar labelling















# Poaching and illegal trade

- Sturgeon fishing is banned in key source areas (Caspian Sea, Black Sea
  & Danube,...)
- Production from aquaculture increased (> 90% of legal sturgeon trade)
- Mainly just anecdotal information, substantiated data missing
  - -> largely unknown & probably underestimated threat











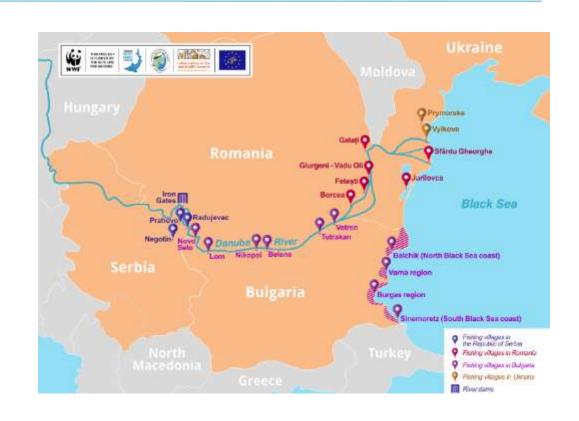


# LIFE project: Sustainable protection of lower Danube sturgeons by preventing and counteracting poaching and illegal wildlife trade

2016-2020

# Lower Danube and NW Black Sea coast

- Serbia
- Bulgaria
- Romania
- Ukraine













# Poaching and illegal trade - market survey

- 145 sturgeon meat & caviar samples
- Collected in an undercover approach
- From markets, shops, restaurants, street vendors, online trade, etc.
- In Serbia, Bulgaria, Romania and Ukraine (+ 3 samples of Bulgarian caviar bought in London, Brussels and Geneva)













# Poaching and illegal trade - Zemun market, Belgrade, 2018













# Poaching and illegal trade - forensic analysis

- Analyses of isotope composition to determine
  - source (wild <-> captive-bred): Carbon, Sulphur, Nitrogen
  - geographic region of origin: Hydrogen, Oxygen
- Analyses of genetics to determine sturgeon species or hybrid (+ if sturgeon)

















# Poaching and illegal trade - results I

44 samples were sold illegally - 30% of all samples

27 samples from wild-caught sturgeons - 19% (in all 4 countries; 2 caviar, 25 meat - incl. the undersized Sterlets from Serbia)

17 samples of caviar violating CITES Regulations (smuggled, without CITES

labels, mislabelled) - <u>12% of all samples,</u> <u>29% of all caviar</u>

Fraud (caviar imitations, wrong species of sturgeon, **other fish...)** 











#### Falsely declared products misleading consumers - results II

- 3 tins with fake "caviar", 3 meat samples from "sturgeon soup" were European Catfish or Nile Perch
- 20 samples were sold as wrong sturgeon species (e.g. sold as Beluga but in fact Russian sturgeon but also vice versa)
- "white-washing": 1 sample sold as farmed was determined as from wildcaught sturgeon
- "black-washing": 25 samples sold as wild were determined as farmed











#### Poaching and illegal trade - official seizure data from authorities

- Romania, Bulgaria and Ukraine
- 2016-2020:
  - At least 214 further cases of illegality reported
  - Bulgaria: 594 pieces of illegal hook lines, adding to > 23,5 km!
  - Minimum of 602 individual sturgeon
- 2021: 57 cases (incl. seizure of a minimum of 178 individual sturgeon and 154 illegal hook lines)
- Completeness & type of data varied but results underline the significance of the threat



#### Recommendations & urgent needs

- Further market surveys in range states, producer and consumer countries
- More controls along the whole trade chain
- Both isotope and DNA testing source and species
- Increased law enforcement resources, capacity, forensic technology, cooperation
- Caviar labelling system enhanced and applied on domestic markets













# Biggest successes

- Good cooperation with fishermen, law enforcement agencies & market actors established
- 1st time estimate of amount and types of illegal trade
- Policy: Sterlet catch ban in Serbia
  - Customs in Ukraine started CITES controls
  - Permanent catch ban in Romania, 10 yrs extention in Bulgaria
- Fishermen report <u>and release</u> sturgeon bycatch











#### More information

- LIFE project, activities, information material & results: danube-sturgeons.org
- Sturgeon trafficking survey: <a href="https://danube-sturgeons.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/04/Market-survey-web.pdf">https://danube-sturgeons.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/04/Market-survey-web.pdf</a>
- Caviar labelling: <a href="https://danube-sturgeons.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/11/Brochure-Caviar-Labelling.pdf">https://danube-sturgeons.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/11/Brochure-Caviar-Labelling.pdf</a>
- Legal framework for sturgeon protection: <a href="https://danube-sturgeons.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/10/Brochure-Legal-Framework-for-Sturgeon-Protection-1.pdf">https://danube-sturgeons.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/10/Brochure-Legal-Framework-for-Sturgeon-Protection-1.pdf</a>